

Fundamental Law of the Principality of Sylvestria

SECTION I- State Administration

Article I- The Principality of Sylvestria is an elective monarchy.

Article II- The flag of the Principality of Sylvestria shall consist of three vertical stripes of equal width, green, white, and green, upon which there appears on the center white stripe a yellow, eight-pointed star. The flag's green stripes represent the verdant agricultural fields and forests of the nation, the white stripe represents peace and serenity of Sylvestrian life, and the yellow eight-pointed star denotes regeneration under the guiding light of Sylvestrianism.

Article III- The Arms of Dominion of the Principality of Sylvestria shall be a shield vert a chevron argent between three mullets of eight points. The shield crowned by the Sylvestrian princely crown.

Article IV- The capital of the Principality of Sylvestria is Tel Kappa.

Article V- The National Assembly shall be the unicameral legislature of the Principality of Sylvestria. The National Assembly shall be composed of every Sylvestrian citizen 16 years of age and older not legally barred. The National Assembly may introduce new laws and matters of concern for consideration by the Prince of the Sylvestrians. The National assembly shall, in the absence of the Prince of the Sylvestrians, take action to appoint, dismiss, or empower a Director General as Regent until a Prince may be elected according the Fundamental Law.

Article VI- The Prince of the Sylvestrians shall be elected by public referendum of all Sylvestrian nationals 16 years of age and older. The Prince carries out public rituals, represents the people of Sylvestria, and is the *fons honorem* from which all titles, awards, and honors are bestowed. In cooperation with the Sylvestrian peers, the Prince oversees the administration of justice by appointing judges and magistrates. The Prince appoints and dismisses the Director General in consultation with the National Assembly. The

Prince has the sole power to approve applications for citizenship, to annex or cede territory, and to elevate Sylvestrians to or remove them from the peerage.

Article VII- The Director General is the Head of Government of the Principality of Sylvestria and oversees the daily governance of the nation on behalf of the prince. The duties of the Director General shall consist of the following:

1. Oversight of Government Bureaus: The Director General shall manage and supervise the operations of all government bureaus, ensuring that they are functioning effectively and efficiently in serving the interests of the Sylvestrian people.
2. Domestic Policy Execution: The Director General shall implement the domestic policies set forth by the Prince and the National Assembly, which may include economic, social, and political reforms, as well as the maintenance of public order and national security.
3. International Representation: As the senior diplomat, the Director General may represent Sylvestria in international affairs, negotiating treaties, agreements, and other matters of state with foreign governments and international organizations.
4. Decision-making in the Prince's Absence: The Director General shall assume significant responsibilities in the absence of the Prince, acting as the Regent to make decisions and ensure the continuity of government.
5. Coordination with the National Assembly: The Director General shall work closely with the National Assembly to pass laws, manage budgets, and address the concerns of the Sylvestrian citizens, ensuring that the government branches cooperate for the good of the Sylvestrian nation.
6. Appointment and Dismissal of Government Officials: The Director General shall appoint and remove officials from the government bureaus to maintain the integrity and competency of the Sylvestrian Movement.
7. Crisis Management: In times of emergency or crisis, the Director General shall take decisive action to protect the nation and its citizens.

8. Reporting to the Prince: The Director General shall inform the Prince of the Sylvestrians of the government's activities and provide advice and recommendations on matters of state.

Article VIII- The Government shall consist of the following bureaus and associated jurisdictions:

1. Treasury: This bureau is responsible for managing the Principality's finances, including the collection of taxes, the creation of the national budget, and the oversight of financial policies to ensure economic stability and growth. The Treasury will also oversee the minting of coins, printing of paper money, postage stamps, and manage the Royal Sylvestrian Archives.

2. Bureau of Civil Defense and Security: This bureau is responsible for maintaining internal security, emergency preparedness, and the defense of Sylvestria against threats, both natural and man-made.

3. Bureau of Public Works: This bureau is responsible for the planning, construction, and maintenance of the nation's infrastructure, such as roads, bridges, buildings, and public utilities, to support the welfare of the People and development of the nation.

4. Bureau of Foreign Affairs: This bureau is responsible for conducting Sylvestria's international relations, including diplomacy, trade agreements, and cultural exchanges, under the guidance of the Director General and the Prince.

5. Bureau of Culture, Arts, and Heritage: This bureau is tasked with preserving and promoting the unique heritage and cultural identity of Sylvestria, including its arts, history, and traditions, both domestically and internationally.

6. Bureau of Science, Industry, and Agriculture: This bureau is responsible for overseeing and fostering the development and integration of scientific research, industry, and agriculture to support the welfare of the People and the development of the nation.

SECTION II- International Relations

Article I- The Principality of Sylvestria is a peaceful state, adhering to the principles of non-interference in the internal affairs of other countries and equality among nations.

Article II- Sylvestria strives to develop good neighborly relations and friendship with all countries, irrespective of their social and political systems, on the basis of mutual respect for sovereignty, territorial integrity, and mutual non-aggression.

Article III- The Principality of Sylvestria shall establish diplomatic and commercial relations with other states and may participate in international organizations that serve the interests of peace, cooperation, and development.

Article IV- The conclusion of international treaties is done by the Director General, with the consent of the Prince of the Sylvestrians.

SECTION III- The Legal System

Article I- The judicial power is exercised by the magistrates and courts of the Principality of Sylvestria.

Article II- The magistrates and courts are independent and subject only to the law.

Article III- The organization of the courts is to be established by law.

Article IV- The legal system of Sylvestria is based on the principles of Sylvestrian legality.

Article V- The legal system of Sylvestria consists of the Fundamental Law, the published laws, the proclamations of the Prince of the Sylvestrians or Regent, and the directives of the Director General.

Article VI- The laws, proclamations, and directives shall be published in the Official Bulletin of the Principality of Sylvestria.

Article VII- Citizens may appeal decisions of the government to the magistrates, the higher courts, or to the Prince of the Sylvestrians.

SECTION IV- The Economy

Article I- Protection of the land, natural riches, waters and the atmosphere from damage and pollution is a duty of the state, of the economic and social organizations, and of all the citizens.

Article II- Land is granted free of charge for social use and for the individual use of citizens. Farm land may be used for other purposes only with the consent of the Director General.

Article III- Foreign trade is a state monopoly. Domestic trade is mainly carried out by the state, which controls every activity in this field.

Article IV- State property belongs to the whole people and is the highest form of property.

The following are to be considered property of the state alone: the land and underground riches, the mines, forests, pastures, waters, natural energy resources, the plants, factories, the state farms, the banks, the roads, and other means of communication to include rail, water, and air transport, post, telegraph, telephone offices, radio and tv stations, newspapers, and internet. Any other wealth created on the basis of state property or which the state gains according to law, is also state property.

Article V- The personal property of the citizens is recognized and protected by the state. Personal property includes: income from work and other lawful sources, dwelling houses and other objects which serve to meet personal and family material and cultural needs. The objects belonging to the cooperativist family on the basis of the constitution of the agricultural cooperatives are also personal property. Personal property cannot be used to the detriment of the Sylvestrian interest.

Article VI- Cooperativist property belongs to the working people, voluntarily united in the agricultural cooperative for the purpose of increasing production and wellbeing, for the advancement of Sylvestrianism throughout the country.

Buildings, machines, equipment, means of transport, tools and implements, livestock for work or production, fruit-trees, agricultural and livestock products, as well as other means necessary for the activity of the agricultural cooperative, make up its property.

Article VII- The state supports the promotion and strengthening of agricultural cooperatives, their transformation into modern economies, and of large-scale Sylvestrian production.

Under certain circumstances, the state supports the development of cooperatives in which the state participates directly with investments, especially in the main means of production, becoming co-owner with them.

The transition of the cooperativist property into property of the entire people is done in conformity with the objective conditions, according to the free will of the cooperativists and with the approval of the state.

Article VIII- The state organizes, manages, and develops the economic and social life of Sylvestria by a unified general plan in order to meet the growing material and cultural needs of the society, to strengthen the country's independence and defense, increasing and improving Sylvestrian production on the basis of advanced technology.

Article IX- The development of the economy in the Principality of Sylvestria is based on self-reliance and guided by the supreme goal of national self-sufficiency.

Article X- Work is the foundation of the entire economic and social life of the country. Work constitutes the main source from which every citizen ensures their means of livelihood.

SECTION V- Education, Science, and Culture

Article I- The state organizes and directs the development of science and technology in the furtherance of progress of Sylvestrian society and defense of the Sylvestrian homeland.

Article II- The state shall carry out extensive ideological and cultural education of the people to ensure the future of true Sylvestrianism.

Article III- Education is organized and managed by the state, is open to all, and free of charge.

Article IV- The state supports the dissemination of scientific knowledge among the People as well as drawing the People into scientific research activity.

Article V- The state protects the cultural heritage of the people and cares for the all-round development of Sylvestrian national culture.

Article VI- The state supports the development of literature and arts according to the School of Sylvestrian Realism.

Article VII- Literature and art uphold the ideals of Sylvestrianism and are permeated by the national spirit of the people.

VIII- Physical culture and sports shall be supported by the state.

IX- The Sylvestrian Catholic Church is the national church of the Principality of Sylvestria and shall be protected and supported by the state.

X- Citizens have the right to practice freedom of religion as long as it does not disrupt public order.

SECTION VI- Fundamental Rights and Duties of Citizens

Article I- Citizens of the Principality of Sylvestria are those who have Sylvestrian citizenship according to the law.

Article II- The rights and duties of citizens are built on the basis of the reconciliation of the interests of the individual and the Sylvestrian society, giving priority to the general interest.

Article III- The rights of the citizens are inseparable from the fulfilment of their duties and cannot be exercised in opposition to the Sylvestrian order.

Article IV- All citizens are equal before the law.

Article V- No restriction or privilege is recognized regarding the rights and duties of citizens on account of sex, race, nationality, education, social position, or marital situation.

Article VI- Citizens who reach the age of 16 years have the right to elect and to be appointed or elected to all the organs of state power. The only persons excluded from electoral rights are those deprived of them by the court.

Article VII- In the Principality of Sylvestria citizens have the right to work, which is guaranteed by the State.

Article VIII- Work is a duty and honor for every able-bodied Sylvestrian.

Article IX- Citizens have the right to choose and exercise their profession according to their capacity and personal inclination, and in accordance with the needs of society.

Article X- Citizens enjoy the right of rest after work. The working day and working week and the annual holidays are regulated by law.

Article XI- Rest homes, recreational spaces, and other centers of this kind are created and are put in service of the working people.

Article XII- Citizens are guaranteed the necessary material means of livelihood in old age, in case of illness, or loss of ability to work.

Article XIII- The State guarantees to citizens the necessary medical services as well as medical treatment in the health centers of the country free of charge.

Article XIV- The woman enjoys equal rights with man in work, pay, holidays, social security, education, and in all social-political activity.

Article XV- Marriage and the family are under the care and protection of the State, the national church, and society.

Article XVI- The parents are responsible for the upbringing and Sylvestrian education of the children.

Article XVII- The children are duty bound to care for parents who are disabled and lack the necessary means of livelihood.

Article XVIII- Citizens enjoy the right to personal property. The right of inheritance shall be regulated by law.

Article XIX- The State guarantees the freedom of scientific work and artistic creativeness in line with Sylvestrian Realism.

Article XX- Citizens have the right to education and the duty to complete basic education as established by law.

Article XXI- Citizens enjoy freedom of speech, organization, association, and assembly so long as it does not disrupt public order.

Article XXII- The State guarantees the realization of these freedoms, it creates the conditions for them, and puts the necessary material means at their disposal.

Article XXIII- The creation of any type of organization of an anti-sylvestrian character is prohibited.

Article XXIV- Anti-sylvestrian propaganda is prohibited as well as the incitement of national and racial hatred.

Article XXV- The State guarantees the inviolability of the person.

Article XXVI- Nobody may be arrested without the decision of the court or the approval of the Director General. In special cases, the competent organs can detain a person for a maximum of 3 days.

Article XXVII- Nobody may be sentenced without the verdict of the court or for an act which is not envisaged by the law as a crime.

Article XXVIII- Nobody may be sentenced without being present at court apart from when it has been legally proved that he is missing.

Article XXIX- Nobody may be interned or expelled except in special cases envisaged by the law.

Article XXX- The house is inviolable. No one is permitted to enter another person's house without the approval of the respective person, apart from representatives of the competent state organs and under the conditions defined by law.

Article XXXI- The secrecy of correspondence and other means of communication cannot be violated, except in the case of the investigation of a crime, a state of emergency, or of war.

Article XXXII- Citizens enjoy the right to make requests, complaints, remarks and proposals to the government regarding personal, social, and state affairs.

Article XXXIII- The citizens are obliged to respect and implement the Fundamental Law and other laws, proclamations, and directives.

Article XXXIV- The preservation and strengthening of the Sylvestrian order is a duty for all the citizens.

Article XXXV- Citizens have the duty to protect and strengthen Sylvestrian property.

Article XXXVI- Violation of Sylvestrian property constitutes a grave crime.

Article XXXVII- The defense of the Sylvestrian homeland is the supreme duty and the greatest honor for all citizens.

Article XXXVIII- Betrayal of the homeland is the most serious crime.

Article XXXIX- Sylvestrian Nationals shall be composed of all ethnic Sylvestrians, regardless of their citizenship status.

Article XXXX- The right of sanctuary in the Principality of Sylvestria shall be granted to ethnic Sylvestrians abroad who are persecuted on account of their ethnicity.

SECTION VII- Transitional and Final Provisions

Article I- The Fundamental Law enters into force upon its adoption by the National Assembly.

Article II- The provisions of the Fundamental Law prevail over all other laws and regulations.

Article III- The Fundamental Law may be amended or supplemented only in accordance with the procedures provided for in the Fundamental Law itself.

Article IV- The first National Assembly shall be convened within one year of the adoption of the Fundamental Law to begin the implementation of its provisions.

Article V- The Fundamental Law shall remain in force until it is amended or replaced by a new Fundamental Law.

Article VI- The interpretation of the Fundamental Law is the competence of the Prince of the Sylvestrians.

Article VII- Amendments or additions to the Fundamental Law can be made only by decision of the National Assembly with the consent of the Prince of the Sylvestrians.

Article VIII- Proposals for amendments to the Fundamental Law can be presented by the Prince of the Sylvestrians, the Director General, or the National Assembly.

Article IX- Amendments to the Fundamental Law shall enter into force upon gaining approval by three-fifths majority of the National Assembly and the Prince of the Sylvestrians.

In the name of the Sylvestrian people, on this 28th day of February in the year 2025, we do hereby unanimously adopt this Fundamental Law to guide our Sylvestrian Principality into an era of peace, prosperity, and unity.